Quality First Education Trust

Wider Curriculum								
Unit Plan for Home learning								
Subject:	RE Unit: What is Humanism Year: 6							
Session								
Session 1	 What is a human and what is Humanism? Watch <u>this Oak Academy link</u> to learn about the beliefs of humanists. Write down what it means to be: 							
	• While down what it means to be. • Theist							
	 Atheist 							
	 Agnostic Think about what Humanists believe is special about humans. 							
	 Answer the questions in Session 1 Resources 							
What is a worldview								
Session 2	• A worldview is the way they see life and the world. Think about your own worldviews. What							
36331011 Z	in your life has influenced them?							
	 Look at the PowerPoint <u>here</u> and think about the questions. Write down what your world view is, and then write down the things that have influenced it. 							
Session 3	 Write down what <u>your</u> world view is, and then write down the things that have influenced it. The tenets of humanism 							
Session S	 Read <u>the article</u> about humanism and write down the most important points. 							
	Humanists believe you live a good life. Watch this video to hear their views.							
	• We only have one life							
	 We should make the most of it – here and now We should respect different people's different ways of life 							
	 The most important thing is how you live your life 							
	 We can be good & happy without relying on gods or religion Think about the symbol for humanism. Why do you think this symbol was chosen? 							
	 Look at <u>Session 3 Resources</u>. Read through the 7 approaches to humanism and sort them 							
	into the different columns, thinking about your own life.							
Session 4	Inspirational Humanists throughout History.							
	Watch <u>this video</u> from the Oak Academy to:							
	 Recap about what Humanist beliefs are Learn about famous Humanist Scientists 							
	 Learn about famous Humanist Scientists Learn about famous Humanist Philosophers 							
	 Think about how their Humanist world view influenced their work. 							
	• Write down how Marie Curie, Albert Einstein's Helen Caldicott, and Bertrand Russell's beliefs							
	related to humanism. Use the sentence starters in <u>Session 4 Resources</u> to help.							
Write down what beliefs these people all had in common.								
Session 5	Universal Declaration of Human Rights							
	 Watch <u>this video</u> to learn about the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Look at the rights in <u>Session 5 Resources</u>. Think about which ones you feel are most 							
	important. Why?							
	• Select 3 or more rights of your choice.							
	 Explain why you believe this human right is important, 							
 Explain what you think life would be like if that right was denied, 								
	 Write down where you think people may not be allowed that right and how that is affecting their lives. 							
Session 6	How do humanists work out what is right or wrong?							
20330110	Watch this <u>video</u> from Oak academy on "How do humanists work out what is right or							
	wrong?"							
	Read the quotes and think about their meaning, in <u>Session 6 Resources.</u>							
Present all of your understanding of humanism in any way you'd like. This cou								
	Creating a poster, making a PowerPoint presentation, writing an information leaflet, writing an essay or doing an audio or video presentation.							

Session 1 Resources:

- 1.) Write down your thoughts about what each of these words means. Use your own words and give examples.
 - a.) Theists are:
 - b.) Atheists are:
 - c.) Agnostics are:
 - d.) Humanists are:
- 2.) What do Humanists believe is special about humans?
- 3.) Humans have achieved many things throughout history, including ______

Session 3 Resources:

Look at and think about the 7 approaches to humanism below. Sort them into one of the three columns, thinking about your own approach to life.

Religious faith	A mixture	No faith

- 1. Science
- 2. Reason e.g. to think, understand, and form judgements logically
- 3. Empathy e.g. the ability to share and understand the feelings of others.
- 4. Ceremonies e.g. weddings, funerals, coming of age.
- 5. Celebration of human achievements e.g. famous inventions, scientists, artists, sports people; our personal achievements learning to swim etc.
- 6. Community e.g. groups you are part of such as school, clubs, teams, faith groups
- 7. Charity e.g. support a good cause by raising money, giving equipment or helping out.

Session 4 Resources:

Use these as sentence starters to write an extended answer to each question. Continue on a separate sheet as there won't be enough space on the line.

1.)	Marie Curie's beliefs relate to Humanism because
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- 2.) Albert Einstein's beliefs relate to Humanism because_____
- 3.) Helen Caldicott's beliefs relate to Humanism because_____
- 4.) Bertrand Russell's beliefs relate to Humanism because_____
- 5.) The beliefs all of these people had in common are_____

Session 5 Resources:

Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948

1. We are all born free with equal rights	2. We have a right to be free from discrimination	3. We have a right to live in freedom and safety	4. We have a right to be free from slavery	5. We have a right to be free from torture or degrading treatment	6. We have a right to be treated fairly by the law
7. We have a right to equal protection under the law	8. We have a right to seek justice when our rights are	9. We have a right to be free from unfair imprisonment or exile	10. We have a right to fair public hearings	11. We have a right to be considered innocent until proven g uilty	12. We have a right to privacy & freedom from attacks against our reputation
13. We have a right to free	14. We have a right to protection in other countries from persecution	15. We have a right to belong to a country	16. We have a right to get married	17. We have a right to own things	18. We have a right to our own thoughts and religion
19. We have a right to think and say what we want	20. We have a right to gather peacefully	21. we have a right to take part in government and elections	22. We have a right to a social safety net	23. We have a right to work and join trade unions	24. We have a right to rest and play
25. We have a right to health, food, clothing, and housing	26. We have a right to education	27. We have a right to enjoy the arts and sciences	28. We have a right to enjoy a free and fair	29. We have a responsibility to our COMMUNITY	30. No one can take away our human rights

Sentence frame for activity. Choose 3 or more rights to answer these questions.

Right number_____, "We have a right to _____".

I believe this human right is important because ______.

If I didn't have this right, or if this right was denied, I think life would be ______.

I think people who ______ may not be allowed this right. It must be affecting their lives by ______.

Session 6 Resources:

Quotes to think about and discuss:

"A humanist is someone who does the right thing even though she knows that no one is watching."

– Dick McMahan, New York humanist, 2004

Humanists use the Golden Rule as their guiding moral principle. The rule may be stated as follows: "Treat other people as you would like them to treat you"

'Happiness is the only good. The place to be happy is here. The time to be happy is now. The way to be happy is to make others so.'