	Year 2 maths — Summer 2 Week beginning: 13.7.20							
	YOU	WILL NEED TO USE YOUR MA	THS WORKBOOK THIS WEEK	FOR DAYS 1, 2 AND 3.				
	Volume Lesson 6 (of 8)	Volume Lesson 7 (of 8)	Volume Lesson 8 (of 8)	Place Value HTO Lesson 1	Addition Lesson 1 (of 1)			
Theme	Solving Word Problems	Solving Word Problems	Solving Word Problems	(of 1)	Addition of 3 numbers			
			Column Total Tropicing	NO WORKBOOK TODAY	NO WORKBOOK TODAY			
Factual	Addition and subtraction word	Write multiplication sentences	Divide by 5	Add two 2-digit numbers with	Multiplication facts for 2, 5 and			
fluency (to	<u>problems</u>	<u>for arrays</u>	(complete 10 questions)	<u>regrouping</u>	<u>10</u>			
aid fluency)	(complete 10 questions)	(complete 10 questions)		(complete 10 questions)	(complete 10 questions)			
	(Lesson 1 resources below)	(Lesson 2 resources below)	(Lesson 3 resources below)	(Lesson 4 resources below)	(Lesson 5 resources below)			
	MAKING LINKS:	MAKING LINKS: Yesterday you solved word	MAKING LINKS:	MAKING LINKS: At the beginning of Year 2, you	MAKING LINKS: Earlier in the year we learnt about			
	You have solved many word problems involving bar models in	problems on volume, involving	The past two days you have been solving word problems on volume,	learnt about the place value of	adding together 3 numbers.			
	year 2 over the course of the year.	addition and subtraction. Today	involving addition and	each digit in a 2-digit number.	Today we are going to			
	Today you will be solving word	you will be solving more word	subtraction. Today you will be	Today you will be learning about	consolidate that learning by			
	problems on volume of liquid in	problems on volume of liquid	solving word problems on volume	the place value of each digit in a	practising this again.			
	litres, involving addition and	involving addition and	of liquid, involving multiplication	3-digit number.				
	subtraction.	subtraction.	and division.		THINK:(support below)			
				THINK:(support below)	Can you help me with this			
	THINK: (support below)	THINK: (support below)	THINK: (support below)	Can you help me with this	problem? Look at the vases with			
Problem/	Can you help me with this	Can you help me with this	Can you help me with this	problem? There are 174 cubes.	flowers. Can you add to find out			
activity of	problem? My friend washed her vegetables and fruit. How much	problem? The red cup can hold 22ml more water than the green	problem? My friend needed to water his plants. He used 5	What does the digit 1 in 174 stand for? What does the digit 7 in 174	how many flowers there are in			
the day	water did she use altogether?	cup. If the red cup holds 85ml of	buckets of water to water the	stand for? What does the digit 4 in	total?			
,	water aid site use altogether?	water, how much water can the	plants. Each bucket contained 4	174 stand for?				
Remember.	Our problem is on textbook page	green cup hold?	litres of water. How much water	17 Taria Tari				
just like in	194. Look at it now.		did he use?					
class, you	If you have online parent access	Our problem is on <u>textbook</u> page						
can still	this lesson is based on Year 2	196. Look at it now.	Our problem is on <u>textbook</u> page					
show the	textbook 2B, chapter 15, lesson 5.	If you have online parent access	198. Look at it now.	CFF: (see a delle eleve)	CEE. (see a delle alessa)			
depth of	SEE: (model below)	this lesson is based on Year 2 textbook 2B, chapter 15, lesson 6.	If you have online parent access this lesson is based on Year 2	SEE: (model below) Look at the model below to see	SEE: (model below) Look at the model below to see			
your	The problem and the solution is	lexibook 2B, Chapter 13, lessort 6.	textbook 2B, chapter 15, lesson 7.	how to solve this problem.	how to solve this problem.			
knowledge	shown on page 194 in your	SEE: (model below)	TEXTOOK 2B, CHapter 10, lessort 7.	TIOW TO SOLVE THIS PROBLETTI.	TIOW TO SOLVE THIS PROBLETTI.			
LINK	textbook.	The problem and the solution is	SEE: (model below)	DO: Use what you have learn	DO: Use what you have learnt			
LITTIN	Watch the lesson video here.	shown on page 196 in your	The problem and the solution is	today to solve the problems	today to solve the problems			
		textbook.	shown on page 198 in your	below.	below.			
	DO: Use what you have learnt	Watch the lesson video here.	textbook.					
	today to solve:	DO: He a sub sub sub sub sub la sure la sure b	Watch the lesson video here.					
	Part 1: Questions 1 and 2 from textbook page 195.	DO: Use what you have learnt today to solve:	<b>DO:</b> Use what you have learnt					
	Check your answers before	Part 1: Questions a and b from	today to solve:					
	moving onto:	textbook page 197.	Part 1: Question 2 from textbook					
	Part 2: Workbook, Chapter 15,	Check your answers before	page 198.					
	Worksheet 5, pages 163-164.	moving onto:	Check your answers before					
		Part 2: Workbook, Chapter 15,	moving onto:					
		Worksheet 6, pages 165-167.	Part 2: Workbook, Chapter 15,					
	David nanasana and discourse	David management of the desired	Worksheet 7, pages 168-169.	Day Areas was a seed seed as	David management of the second			
Methods, tips, clues & checks	Day 1 resources and answers (below)	Day 2 resources and answers (below)	Day 3 resources and answers (below)	Day 4 resources and answers (below)	Day 5 resources and answers (below)			
	r resources to support you to T		(DEIOW)	(DEIOM)	(DEIOM)			

See below for resources to support you to THINK-SEE-DO

#### **DAY 1 RESOURCES:**

**THINK:** Can you help me with this problem? My friend washed her vegetables and fruit. The vegetables were in a 2 litre bowl of water and the fruit were in a 3 litre bowl of water. How much water did she use altogether?

Our problem is on <u>textbook</u> page 194. Look at it now.

# <u>DO:</u>

The equations have been given to you to solve. You do not need to draw bar models to solve these problems.

<u>Part 1:</u>

Complete questions 1 and 2 from the textbook page 195.

Solve these problems by counting back.

Check your answers, below.

## <u>Part 2:</u>

Now complete page 163 of your workbook. Do not do page 164.

Solve these problems by counting on or counting back.

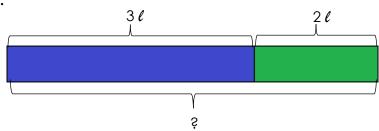
2. 36 – 9 = \_\_\_\_

Check your answers, below.

SEE: Optional video link.

We can use a bar model to help us solve this problem. We know that the word **altogether** means we need to find the total amount so we can use **addition** to solve this word problem. Blue represents the **fruit bowl** and green represents the **vegetable bowl**.

Bar model:



**Equation:** 3 + 2 = 5

**Statement:** My friend used  $5 \ell$  of water altogether.

Here is another example: A car had **30 litres** of petrol at the beginning. After being driven for some time, the car had **12 litres** of petrol left. How much petrol did the car use?

Bar model: 30 ℓ

? 12 ℓ

**Equation:** 30 - 12 = 18

**Statement:** The car used  $18\ell$  of petrol.

#### **DAY 2 RESOURCES:**

**THINK:** Can you help me with this problem? The red cup can hold 22ml more water than the green cup. If the red cup holds 85ml of water, how much water can the green cup hold?

Our problem is on <u>textbook</u> page 196. Look at it now.

# <u>DO:</u>

The equations have been given to you to solve. You do not need to draw bar models to solve these problems.

# <u>Part 1:</u>

Complete questions a and b from the textbook page 197.

b. 25 + 34 =

Solve these problems by counting on or using the column method.

Check your answers, below.

#### Part 2:

Now complete pages 165 (1a, b), 166 (2a) and 167 (2a) of your workbook.

Solve this problem by counting on.

Solve this problem using the column method.

Solve this problem using the column method. You will need to rename tens as ones for this problem.

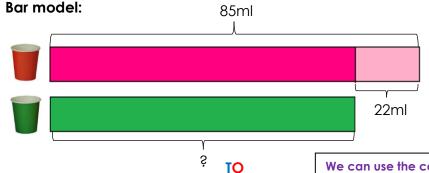
3. 
$$a. 24 - 8 =$$

Solve this problem by counting back.

Check your answers, below.

**SEE:** Optional video link.

We can use a bar model to solve this problem. We know that the red cup has 85ml of water and it can hold 22ml **more than** the green cup. That means the green cup holds **less** water. We need to **take away** to find the amount of water that the green cup can hold.



Equation: 85 - 22 = 63 85  $-\frac{22}{43}$ 

We can use the column method to take away because we have two 2-digit numbers. We know that blue is the tens and red is the ones.

**Statement:** The green cup can hold 63ml of water.

DAY	2	RES	OUI	RCES.
PLAC	CE	۷A	LUE	GRID

You can use a grid like this to line up your numbers correctly when using the column method for addition.

TENS	ONES



DAY 2	<b>RESOUI</b>	RCES
<b>PLACE</b>	VALUE	GRID

You can use a grid like this to line up your numbers correctly when using the column method for subtraction.

TENS	ONES



#### **DAY 3 RESOURCES:**

**THINK:** Can you help me with this problem? My friend needed to water his plants. He used 5 buckets of water to water the plants. Each bucket contained 4 litres of water. How much water did he use?

Our problem is on textbook page 198. Look at it now.

# <u>DO:</u>

The equations have been given to you to solve. You do not need to draw bar models to solve these problems.

# <u>Part 1:</u>

<u>Solve this word problem:</u> My friend has 6 bottles of milk. Each bottle of milk is 2 litres. How much milk does my friend have?

Equation:  $6 \times 2 =$ 

Use your 2 times tables to solve this equation.

**Statement:** Your friend has I of milk.

### <u>Part 2:</u>

Now complete pages 168 (q.1 and 2) and 169 (only q. 4) of your workbook.

Draw 7 groups of 2 and find the total amount.

Share 27 equally between 3 groups to find your answer.

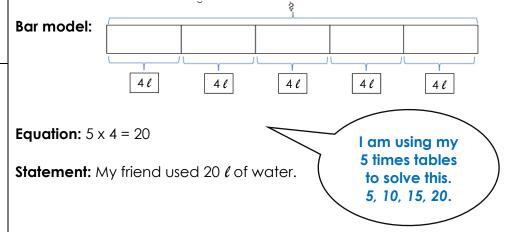
Share 18 equally between 3 groups to find your answer.

Check your answers, below.

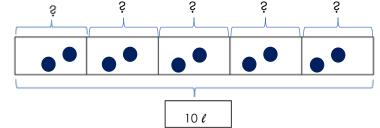
#### **SEE:** Optional video link.

Bar model:

We can use a multiplication equation to solve this problem. We need to use multiplication to solve this problem because we have 5 groups of 4. When we have groups of equal amounts we use **multiplication**.



Here is another example: My friend pours  $10 \, \ell$  of apple juice equally into 5 bottles. How many litres of apple juice does each bottle contain? We need to use division to solve this problem because we are sharing out 10  $\ell$  equally into 5 bottles. When we share out an amount we use **division**.

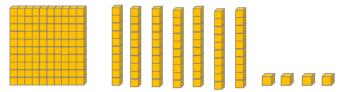


Equation:  $10 \div 5 = 2$  I have shared 10 between 5 equal groups in the bar model using dots. You can see that there are 2 in each group so the answer is 2.

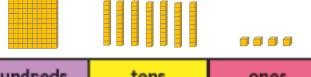
**Statement:** Each bottle contains  $2\ell$  of apple juice.

#### **DAY 4 RESOURCES:**

**THINK:** Can you help me with this problem? There are 174 cubes. What does the digit 1 in 174 stand for? What does the digit 7 in 174 stand for? What does the digit 4 in 174 stand for?



SEE:



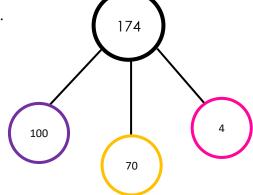
hundreds	tens	ones
1	7	4

174 = 1 hundred + 7 tens + 4 ones

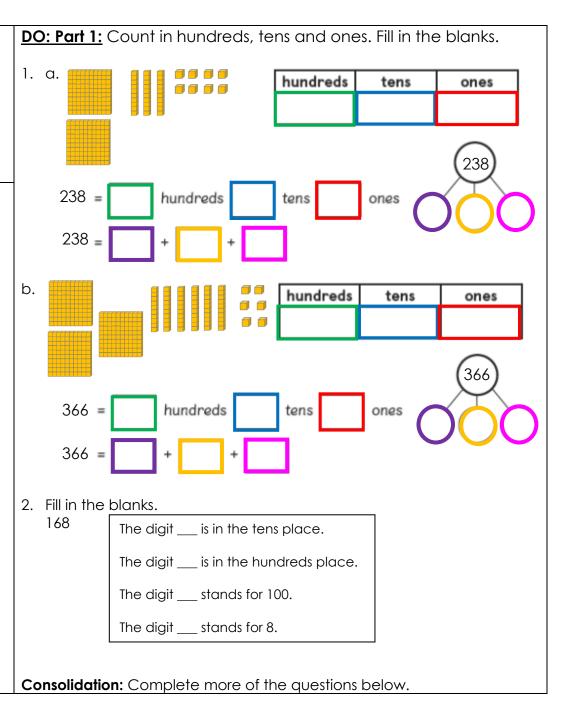
174 = 100 + 70 + 4

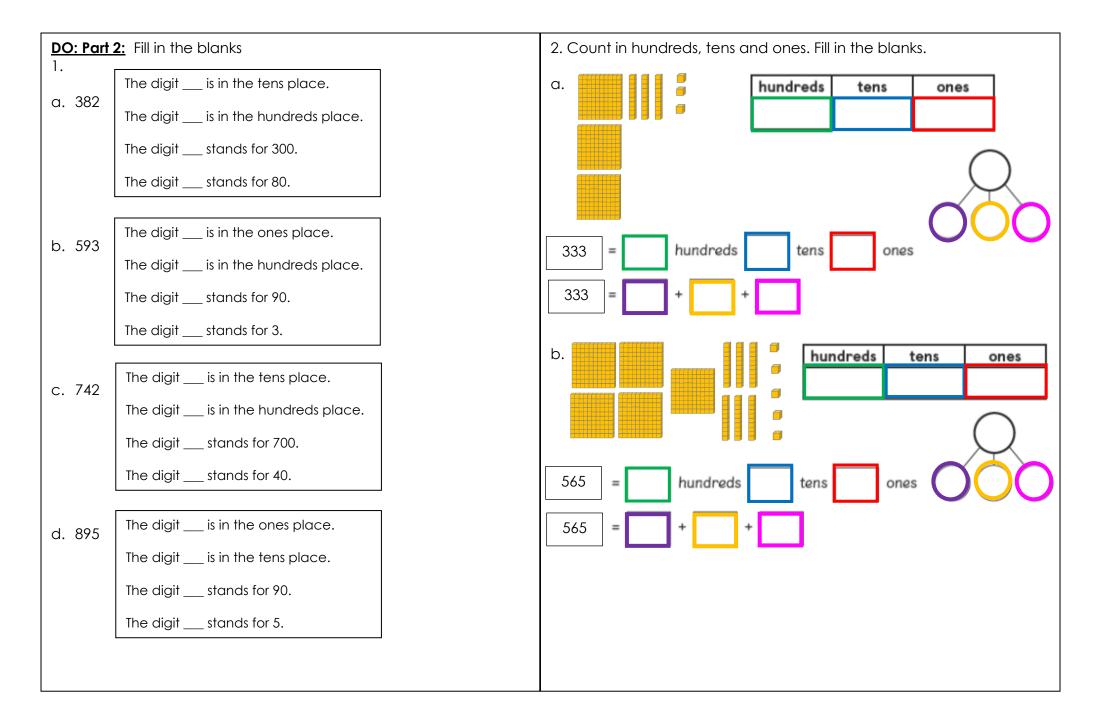
There are 174 cubes.

The digit 1 in 174 stands for 100. The digit 7 in 174 stands for 70. The digit 4 in 174 stands for 4.



We write 174 as one hundred and seventy-four.





#### **DAY 5 RESOURCES:**

**THINK:** Can you help me with this problem? Look at the vases with flowers. Can you add to find out how many flowers there are in total?







# SEE:

We need to add together the amount of flowers in each vase. We are adding together 3, 11 and 7.







11

We can use two different methods:

**Method 1:** Make 10. **7 + 3 +** 11 = **10** + 11 = 21 7 and 3 make 10

10
+11
21

I can use column method to add two 2-digit numbers.

**Method 2:** Add by counting on. Start with your highest number. 11 + 7 + 3 = 21



<u>DO: Part 1:</u> Add these numbers together using your preferred method. You can use the hundreds chart below to count on.

Part 2: Make 10 and add.

# 100s chart for support:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

# ANSWERS – part 1:

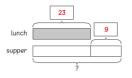
D 1.	D 0:	D 0:	D 4:	D 5.
<u>Day 1:</u>	<u>Day 2:</u>	<u>Day 3:</u>	<u>Day 4:</u>	<u>Day 5:</u>
1.      181     2     181     Equation: 45 – 18 = 27     Statement: There is 27   of water left in the tank.   2.     50     121     Equation: 50 – 12 = 38     Statement: It would take 38   of petrol to fill the tank.	a. 341 b. 591	2. 21 x 5 = 121 Your friend has 121 of milk altogether.	<ol> <li>a. 238 = 2 hundreds 3 tens 8 ones (same in the table)     238 = 200 + 30 + 8 (same in the number bond diagram)     b. 366 = 3 hundreds 6 tens 6 ones (same in the table)     366 = 300 + 60 + 6 (same in the number bond diagram)     168     The digit 6 is in the tens place.     The digit 1 is in the hundreds place.     The digit 1 stands for 100.     The digit 8 stands for 8.</li> </ol>	1. 22 2. 21 3. 30 4. 20 5. 26

ANSWERS - part 2 and deepening:

# Day 1: 12 l 1. Squash Water 8 l 12 + 8 = 20 Hannah made 20 l of drink. 2. Water 36 l 36 - 19 = 17 17 l of water is left in the tank.



1. a. 23 | + 9 | = 32 |



- 2. q. 45 | 27 | = 18 |
- 3. a. 24 | -8 | = 16 |

#### **Day 3:**

- 1. 7 x 2 l = 14 l Lulu buys 14 l of milk.
- 2.  $27 \cdot 1 \div 3 = 9 \cdot 1$ There are  $9 \cdot 1$  of water in each container.
- 4.  $181 \div 31 = 6$ There area 6 bottles.

#### Day 4:

a. 382
 The digit 8 is in the tens place.
 The digit 3 is in the hundreds

place. The digit 3 stands for 300.

The digit 8 stands for 80.

b. 593

The digit 3 is in the ones place. The digit 5 is in the hundreds place.

The digit 9 stands for 90. The digit 3 stands for 3.

c. 742

The digit 4 is in the tens place The digit 7 is in the hundreds place.

The digit 7 stands for 700. The digit 4 stands for 40.

d. 895

The digit 5 is in the ones place. The digit 9 is in the tens place. The digit 9 stands for 90. The digit 5 stands for 5.

a. 333 = 3 hundreds 3 tens 3 ones (same in the table)
 333 = 300 + 30 + 3 (same in the number bond diagram)

b. 565 = 5 hundreds 6 tens 5 ones (same in the table) 566 = 500 + 60 + 5 (same in the number bond diagram)

#### <u>Day 5:</u>

- 1. 10 + 9 = 19 2. 10 + 4 = 14
- 3. 10 + 7 = 17