	Year 3 Curriculum Summer 2 Week 1			
To do throughout the week				
Wellbeing 'Thought for the day'	Question of the week: What is a digital footprint? Watch: Private and Personal Information			
Daily Exercise	Keep active! Make sure you do something active each day. Maybe do the exercises <u>here</u> .			
CHALLENGE	The Great 8 are fun challenges suitable for the whole family. See below.			

Here are the curriculum activities for the week. You can do in any order you choose. Try to do these this week as next week's activity will follow on in each subject.

	What is the function of stem?	You will need:			
	<ul> <li>Can you label the stem in the previous lesson's drawing?</li> </ul>	your diagram of			
Science	<ul> <li>What do you think the function of a stem is? Watch this <u>video</u>.</li> </ul>	a flowering plant from last			
	<ul> <li>Look at the before and after photos of celery being put into dye in</li> </ul>	lesson			
	the support materials. What happened? Challenge: Why is the	*Support below			
	level of the water lower?	' '			
	How the Iron Age Changed the World	r.c			
History	Make notes of the strengths of iron as a material and the changes in life you can				
	see in this <u>video</u> and in this <u>link</u> .				
	Create a poster to explain to someone in your house the impact of t	ne alscovery of			
	iron and how it changed life for humanity.  How is wind created?	Support:			
	<ul> <li>What instruments do we use to measure the weather? How</li> </ul>	Explanation			
Geography	do we measure wind?	and model			
		diagram			
	Draw a diagram to explain how wind is created.  Throwing (see below for game instructions)	You will need			
	Play target treasure to practise your throwing and aiming	Items for targets			
PE	<ul> <li>Play a Target throw game-'Battleships' to help you practise aiming</li> </ul>	Something to			
re	& throwing underarm	throw			
	Make a <b>golf course</b> to practise your rolling action and aiming				
	Who owns the world?				
	Can you own something that is natural? Discuss with an adult				
RE	List natural things in the world that we own (plants/pets)				
	Choose 1 thing that you 'own' and write 3 ways that you take responsibility and				
	care for it.				
Art	Doppleganger drawing				
	<ul> <li>Watch Paul Carney demonstrating the <u>'doppleganger'</u> technique to</li> </ul>	make a copy			
	of a drawing.				
	Choose a picture of anything that you would like to copy. Start with a copy. Start with a copy.				
	Practise copying different kinds of images. This exercise will help train	n your hand to			
	draw what you are seeing.  Scratch, Coding a Conversation	Support:			
	In <u>Scratch</u> , we are creating an animation with characters <u>talking to</u>	If you need			
	each other.	some hints,			
Computing	<ul> <li>Use the wait block and the say block to code a conversation,</li> </ul>	watch the			
	where the characters take turns when speaking.	<u>video</u> or look at			
	Your challenge is to code three or more characters having a	the instructions below.			
	conversation.	DCIOW.			
		1			





# Here are some fun challenges suitable for the whole family.

Summer 2 V	Veek 1	
1. To talk about	Which is the odd one out and why?	
1. TO Idik about	A strawberry, a drain cover, a hamster, pegs	
2. To do	How long can you do the plank for?	
	Challenge members of your family to beat your record	
3. To investigate	Is it easier for shorter people to touch their toes?	
4. To find out more about	Volcanoes	
5. To design	Your perfect treehouse	
6. To learn	A magic trick	
7. To draw	Your self portrait from your reflection in a spoon	
8. To create	A flip book	
o. 10 credie	Use an old pad of paper or notebook	



# Science - Support

\*Photos of celery experiment



Before



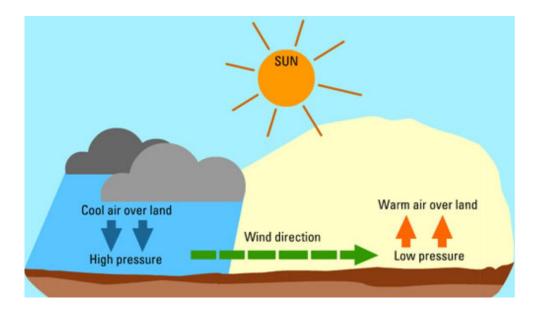
After



# **Geography - Support**

How is wind created?

- 1) When the sun shines on the land it makes the air above it get warmer.
- 2) When air gets warmer it rises.
- 3) The colder air moves to take the warm air's place.
- 4) The movement of the cold air replacing the warm air that has risen is the wind.



## Task1-Target treasure

#### How to play:

- Place a selection of targets 5 large steps away from your starting line.
- Decide how many points each piece of treasure is worth E.g. Toys = 5, shoes = 4 points
- Take turns to throw an object towards the treasure targets from behind the starting line.
- The winner is the player to score the most points when all of the treasure is gone.

TOP TIPS: Throwing Underarm
Step forwards with one foot releasing the object from low to high using your opposite hand

Can you think tactically & decide which targets to aim for and why?

Can you focus on the target to help you be accurate?

#### Let's Reflect:

What was the difference between your throws that were accurate and your throws that missed?

# Task 2 Battleships

### How to play:

With a partner, each player places three targets (battleships) in front of them.

- Take turns to throw an object towards their opponent's battleships.
- Each time a battleship is hit, it is removed.
- Players are not allowed to stop the object from hitting a battleship.
- The winner is the first player to hit all of their partner's battleship







## Task 3 Golf!

Place 5 targets in different places on the floor (garden or room).

• Decide on a starting point and it mark out.

The aim of the game is for pupils to roll a ball, making it rest against one of the targets in the least amount of rolls possible.

The winner is the player who rests their ball against a target with the few ist rolls
 Repeat with all of the different targets



# Computing

## Coding a Conversation in Scratch

In Scratch, we are going to code a conversation between two or more sprites.

Think about having a conversation with your friends and family. What do we need to do when the other person is talking? What happens if we all talk at once?

To code our conversation, we are using these three blocks:







To make our conversation work properly, we need to think about the order of our blocks. If we put them in the right order, the sequence will work.

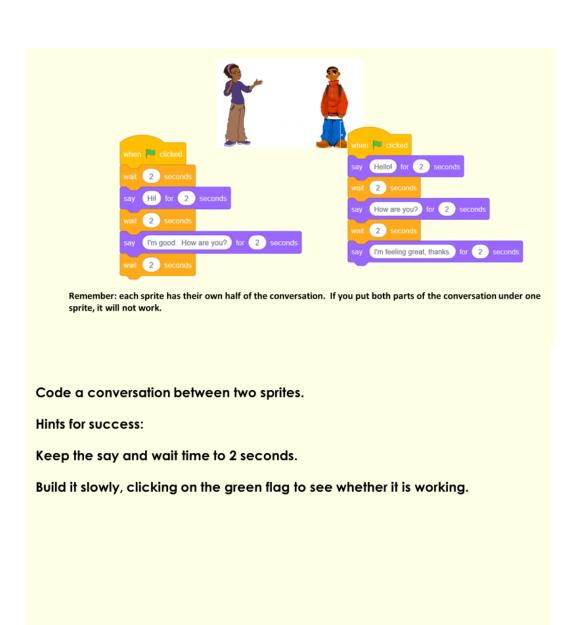
When one person speaks, the other person waits

The speaking and waiting is for the same amount of time



Sprite_1	Time in Secs	Sprille 2	Time in Secs
Wait	2	Hello!	2
Hi	2	Wait	2
Wait	2	How are you?	2
I'm good. How are you?	2	Wait	2
Wait	2	I'm feeling great, thanks.	2





Coding a conversation in Scratch video <a href="https://vimeo.com/408838845/f5e28143d2">https://vimeo.com/408838845/f5e28143d2</a>

